

Safety Data Sheet

according to SANS 10234:2019 and SANS 11014:2010 Issue date: 9/3/2022 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Amazing 480 SC (mesotrione 480 g/l)

Type of product : Herbicide
CAS-No. : 104206-82-8
Product group : End product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : A suspension concentrate systemic pre- and post-emergence herbicide for the control of

annual broadleaf weeds, grasses and the suppression of certain weeds in maize and

sugarcane

1.3. Supplier's details

Supplier

Farm-Ag International (Pty) Ltd
Old Mill Industrial Park
61, Marshall Drive
P.O. Box 1523
4300 Mount Edgecombe – Durban KwaZulu Natal
South Africa
T 031 003 3486

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 24 Hr Emergency Number:

In case of Poisoning:

Poison Information Helpline: 0861 555 777

In case of Spillage: HAZMAT:0800 147 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5 H313
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 3 H331
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2 H373
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1 H400
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1 H410

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA)







Signal word (GHS-ZA) : Danger

Hazardous ingredients : Mesotrione 95% TC, Monoethylene glycol Hazard statements (GHS ZA) : H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (eyes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Precautionary statements (GHS ZA)

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P260 - Do not breathe spray, vapours.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3. Other hazards

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, Toxic if inhaled, Harmful in contact with skin, Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Mesotrione 95% TC	CAS-No.: 104206-82-8	≥ 40 – < 45	Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Monoethylene glycol	CAS-No.: 107-21-1	≥ 5 – < 10	Flam. Liq. Not classified Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Aquatic Acute Not classified
Tristyrylphenol Ethoxylates	CAS-No.: 99734-09-5	≥1-<5	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

First-aid measures after inhalation

First-aid measures after skin contact

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor.

: Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing.

: Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Establish and maintain airway. Treat respiratory difficulty with artificial respiration and oxygen. Administration of gastric lavage or oxygen should be performed by qualified medical personnel. This product contains an aromatic solvent.

If product is aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting, pulmonary injury may be caused.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

- : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
- : Water spray as a fog can be used for cooling of unaffected stock, but avoid water coming in contact with the product. Do not use direct jet of water. Contain water used for fire-fighting for later disposal. Avoid the accumulation of polluted run-off from the site.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

- : Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards
 - Flammable hydrogen gas may be formed on contact with incompatible metals. See
 - "Conditions to Avoid", Section 10

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition

or combustion.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire

Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Use dry chemical, foam or CO2 extinguishing media. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

- Protection during firefighting
- Personal protection (Emergency response)
- : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.
- Wear respiratory protection, Wear protective gloves, Wear protective clothing, Wear eye protection, Face-shield











SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No additional information available

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures

: Ventilate spillage area. Do not breathe spray, vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow entering drains or watercourses. Spillage or uncontrolled discharges into water courses (or public waters) to be reported immediately to the Police and to the Department of Water/Environmental Affairs.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Occupational spill:

Do not touch spilled material; stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep out unprotected

persons and animals.

For spills: Soak up with absorptive material such as damp earth or sand or other suitable non-combustible absorbent material. Place the material into a clean, dry container and cover for subsequent disposal. In situations where product comes in contact with water, contain contaminated water for later disposal. Prevent material from spreading by damming in with absorptive material. Do not flush spilled material into drains. Keep spectators away and upwind

To decontaminate spill area, tools and equipment, wash with a suitable solution (i.e. organic solvent, detergent bleach or caustic). Add the solution to the drums already collected. Label drums with its content and dispose it in accordance with local regulations.

Open burning or dumping of this material is prohibited. Do not get water inside containers.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not breathe spray, vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in

eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Storage area : Store out of reach of unauthorised persons, children and animals.

Heat and ignition sources : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.

Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: Food supplies. Water supplies.

Maximum storage period : 2 years

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Recommended Limits)		
Local name	Ethylene glycol	
OEL TWA	50 mg/m³ (V: vapour fraction) 100 mg/m³ (V: vapour fraction)	
OEL STEL	20 mg/m³ (H: aerosol only)	
Remark	SKIN (danger of cutaneous absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Ethylene glycol (Ethane-1,2-diol; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane)	
OEL TWA	20 mg/m³	
OEL STEL	40 mg/m³	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

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Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Hand protection : Protective gloves
Eye protection : Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : No data available

Colour : Off white.

Odour : No data available
Odour threshold : No data available

pH : 3-5

pH solution No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) No data available Melting point Not applicable Freezing point No data available Boiling point : No data available No data available Flash point Auto-ignition temperature : No data available : No data available Decomposition temperature Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable Vapour pressure : No data available Vapour pressure at 50 °C : No data available : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C

Relative density : 1.189

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : No data available Density : No data available Relative gas density : No data available Solubility : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available : No data available Explosive properties Oxidising properties : No data available **Explosive limits** No data available Lower explosion limit No data available Upper explosion limit No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Toxic if inhaled.

,		
Amazing 480 SC (mesotrione 480 g/l) (104206-82-8)		
ATE ZA (Dermal)	2533.649 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE ZA (vapours)	3.38 mg/l/4h	
Unknown acute toxicity (GHS ZA)Unknown acute toxicity (GHS ZA)	45.02% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 51.81% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 94.31% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))	
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.75 mg/l/4h	
Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
LD50 oral rat	7712 mg/kg bodyweight (according to BASF-internal standards, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))	
LD50 dermal	> 3500 mg/kg bodyweight (Mouse, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.5 mg/l (6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol))	
Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92-0)		
LD50 oral rat	1000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me (63148-62-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 17000 mg/kg Source: National Library of Medicine	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg Source: National Library of Medicine	

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Xanthan gum (11138-66-2)	
LD50 oral rat	45000 mg/kg
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-	5)
LD50 oral rat	490 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	90000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 3 – 5
Serious eye damage/irritation	. Not classified pH: 3 – 5
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-	5)
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (eyes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)	
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Very toxic to aquatic life.

acutal

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)	
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 120 mg/kg Bluegill sunfish
LC50 - Fish [2]	> 120 mg/kg Rainbow Trout
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 900 mg/l
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	0.0077 mg/l Lemna Gibba
ErC50 algae	0.028 mg/l (OECD 221: Lemna sp. Growth Inhibition Test, 7 day(s), Lemna gibba, Semistatic system, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	<-1
Additional ecotoxicological information	Birds: Acute Oral LD50 for bobwhite quail >2000 mg/kg. Dietary LC50 for bobwhite quail and mallard ducks >5200 mg/kg; Bees (LD50, mg/bee) >11 (oral) (formulated); >100 (contact) (formulated); Worms LD50 (14d) >2000 mg/kg
Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 72860 mg/l (EPA 600/4-90/027, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

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Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.36 (Experimental value)	
Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92	-0)	
ErC50 algae	0.237 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
BCF - Fish [1]	81 (Pisces, Fresh water, Experimental value, Fresh weight)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.937 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 23 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.176 (log Koc, Experimental value)	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me (63148-62-9)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	37.79 mg/l Source: The ECOTOXicology database	
Xanthan gum (11138-66-2)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	420 mg/l Source: ECOTOX	
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-5)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.18 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.94 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Experimental value, Lethal)	
ErC50 algae	150 μg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Experimental value, GLP)	
BCF - Fish [1]	6.62 (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 56 day(s), Lepomis macrochirus, Experimental value, Fresh weight)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.9 – 0.99 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.97 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.38	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Amazing 480 SC (mesotrione 480 g/l) (104206-82-8)		
Persistence and degradability	No additional information available	
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.	
Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.47 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.24 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	1.29 g O₂/g substance	
Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	

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1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Amazing 480 SC (mesotrione 480 g/l) (104206-82-8)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available	
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	< -1	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.36 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92-0)		
BCF - Fish [1]	81 (Pisces, Fresh water, Experimental value, Fresh weight)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.937 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 23 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.176 (log Koc, Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-5)		
BCF - Fish [1]	6.62 (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 56 day(s), Lepomis macrochirus, Experimental value, Fresh weight)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.9 – 0.99 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.97 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.38	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Amazing 480 SC (mesotrione 480 g/l) (104206-82-8)		
Mobility in soil	No additional information available	
Mesotrione 95% TC (104206-82-8)		
Surface tension	61.5 mN/m (21 °C, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	< -1	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Monoethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Surface tension	48.4 mN/m (20 °C)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.36 (Experimental value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92-0)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	tanol/water (Log Pow) 1.937 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 23 °C)	

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Fatty alcohol polyoxyethylene ether (9002-92-0)		
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.176 (log Koc, Experimental value)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.	
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (2634-33-5)		
Surface tension	72.6 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.9 – 0.99 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.97 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.38	

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA				
SANS	IMDG	IATA		
14.1. UN number	14.1. UN number			
3082	3082	3082		
14.2. Proper Shipping Name				
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains mesotrione 480 g/l)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains mesotrione 480 g/l)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains mesotrione 480 g/l)		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
9	9	9		

14.4. Packing group				
III	III	Ш		
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Dangerous for the environment : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes Marine pollutant : Yes	Dangerous for the environment : Yes		
No supplementary information available				

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14.6. Special precautions for user

SANS

Special provisions (SANS) : 179, 274, 331, 335

Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L
Limited quantities (SANS) : 5 L

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing : P001, IBC03, LP01

instructions (SANS)

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Special : PP1

packing instructions (SANS)

Portable tank and bulk containers instructions : T4

(SANS)

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP1, TP29

(SANS)

IMDG

Special provisions (IMDG) : 274, 335, 969

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1

Packing instructions (IMDG) : LP01, P001

Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1

IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-F - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Foxtrot - WATER-SOLUBLE MARINE POLLUTANTS

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y964
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 30kgG
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 964
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 450L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 964
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 450L

Special provisions (IATA) : A97, A158, A197, A215

ERG code (IATA) : 9L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of H-statements	
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Full text of H-statements	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.