

**WARNINGS:**

- Withholding periods: Minimum number of days between last application and harvest or grazing:

Beans (green) .....	3 days	Pastures .....	7 days
Broccoli, Brussel sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower ...	4 days	Peaches .....	16 days
Citrus (20 g/100 l water dosage).....	2 days	Potatoes .....	3 days
Citrus (higher dosage rates) .....	28 days	Sunflowers .....	28 days
Grain sorghum .....	7 days	Tobacco (flu-cured) .....	7 days
Lucerne (grazing) .....	7 days	Tobacco (air-cured) .....	14 days
Lupins .....	7 days	Tomatoes .....	2 days
Maize .....	7 days	Wheat .....	7 days

- Handle with extreme care.
- TOXIC AND FATAL BY SWALLOWING, SKIN CONTACT AND INHALATION.
- Toxic to fish, bees and other animals.
- FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** may cause yellowing of the leaf tips on certain carnation varieties.
- Do not use **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** in combination with G-49 wettener on tobacco seedbeds or on citrus.
- NOT FOR USE IN THE HOME GARDEN.
- Store under lock and key in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children, uniformed persons and animal and separate from food and feedstuffs in accordance with the hazardous Substances Act (Act 15 of 1973).
- Re-entry: Do not enter treated area within 2 days after application unless wearing protective clothing.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- IN CASE OF POISONING CALL A DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY and make label available to him.
- AERIAL APPLICATION: Notify all inhabitants of the immediate area to be sprayed and issue the necessary warnings. Do not spray over or allow spray drift to contaminate adjacent areas or water.

*Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the disease against the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.*

**PRECAUTIONS:**

- Do not inhale dust, vapour or spray mist.
- Wear protective clothing (overalls, rubber boots and gloves, face shield and suitable respirator) when handling the product and during application.
- After work wash entire body with soap and water.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst applying, mixing or before washing hands and face and changing clothes.
- Wash contaminated clothing and protective equipment in a strong washing soda mixture and rinse thoroughly before wearing again.
- Prevent drift of spray mist onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams or areas not under treatment.
- Clean all equipment thoroughly after use and do not contaminate crop, grazing, rivers or dams with wash water.
- Destroying the empty containers by perforation and flattening and dispose of in a reasonable manner.
- Do not use empty containers for any other purpose.
- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water and eating utensils.

**SYMPTOMS OF HUMAN POISONING:**

Headache, fatigue, faintness, giddiness, excessive sweating, nausea, abdominal pain, vomiting, blurred vision, muscle twitching, unusually small pupils, respiratory distress, coma.

**ANTIDOTE**

Atropine sulphate



# FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP

Reg No/ Nr L3436 Act No/ Wet Nr 36/1947

A water soluble, contact insecticide for the control of various insects on crops as indicated.

'n Water oplosbare, kontak-insekddoder vir die beheer van verskeie insekte op gewasse soos aangedui.

**IRAC INSECTICIDE GROUP CODE    1A    IRAC INSEKDODERGROEPKODE**

## ACTIVE INGREDIENT/ AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL:

Methomyl (carbamate) ..... 900 g/kg ..... Metomil (karbonaat)

Manufacture Date:  
Vervaardigingsdatum

Batch No.:  
Lotnommer

**NET CONTENTS/NETTO INHOUD**

**g**

**SEE ENCLOSED LEAFLET FOR FULL PARTICULARS  
SIEN INGESLOTE VOUBLIJET VIR VOLLE BESONDERHEDE**

## REGISTERED BY:/GEREGISTREER DEUR:

Castle Ag-Chem (Pty) Ltd

Reg. Nr.: Reg. No. 2007/033120/07

61 Marshall Drive, Old Mill Industrial Park, Mount Edgecombe, South Africa, 4000

Tel: 031 003 3486

**POISON INFORMATION CENTRE / GIFINLIGTINGSENTRUM: 0861 555777**

UN NO: 2757



**FIRST AID TREATMENT:**

- ALWAYS OBTAIN TREATMENT FROM A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.
- Remove patient from source of poisoning to a well-ventilated area.
- Keep the patient quiet and reassured.
- Remove contaminated clothing and rinse contaminated body area thoroughly with plenty of soap and water. Do not rub skin.
- Flush contamination out of eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes.
- If swallowed, induce vomiting by tickling the back part of the throat. Repeat until vomit is clear and free from the smell of poison.
- Administer artificial respiration or closed chest cardiac massage if necessary.
- Do not apply direct mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Call a physician immediately and advise him of poisoning, or transport patient to a physician or hospital, whichever is fastest.
- SHOW THIS LABEL TO THE PHYSICIAN.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:**

Administer Atropine sulphate intravenously (2 – 4 mg for an adult) and repeated at 10 to 30 minute intervals until atropinization (dry flushed sin and tachycardia) appears. Pralidoxime (2 PAM, Protopam) and other oximes are contra indicated. However, for exposure to both **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** and an organophosphorous insecticide, 2 PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulphate treatment as described.

**RESISTANCE WARNING:**

For resistance management **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** is a group code **1A** insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** and other group code **1A** insecticides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly. These resistant insects may not be controlled by **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** or any other group code **1A** insecticide.

To delay insecticide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticide from the same insecticide group code.
- Alternate or tank mix with products from different insecticide codes.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insect control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

**AERIAL APPLICATION**

Aerial application of **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** may only be done by a registered Aerial Application Operator using a correctly calibrated, registered aircraft according to the instructions of SANS 10118: 2009 (The Aerial Application of Pesticides). Ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria be met:

- **Volume:** A spray mixture volume of 30 l per hectare is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy, or be held responsible for any adverse effects if this product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended above.
- **Droplet coverage:** 30 to 40 droplets per cm<sup>2</sup> must be recovered at the target area.
- **Droplet size:** A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 250 to 280 microns is recommended. Limit the production of fine droplets less than 150 microns (high drift and evaporation potential) to a minimum.
- **Flying height:** Maintain the height of the spray boom at 3 to 4 metres above the target. Do not spray when aircraft dives, is in a climb or when banking.
- Use suitable **atomising equipment** that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage, but which will ensure the minimum loss of product. The spraying system must produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible Relative Span.
- Position all the atomisers within the inner 60 to 75 % of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.
- The difference in **temperature** between the wet and dry bulb thermometers, of a whirling hygrometer, should not exceed 8 °C.
- Stop spraying if the **wind** speed exceeds 15 km/h.
- Stop spraying under **turbulent**, unstable and dry conditions during the heat of the day.
- Spraying under temperature **inversion conditions** (spraying in or above the inversion layer) and/or high humidity conditions (relative humidity 80 % and above) may lead to the following:
  - reduced efficacy due to suspension and evaporation of small droplets in the air (inadequate coverage).
  - damage to other sensitive crops and/or non-target areas through drifting of the suspended spray cloud away from the target field.
- Ensure that the Aerial Spray Operator knows exactly which fields to spray.
- Obtain an assurance from the Aerial Spray Operator that the above requirements will be met and that relevant data will be compiled in a logbook and kept for future reference.

**GROUND APPLICATION (deciduous fruit orchards):****Volume water to be applied per hectare in deciduous fruit orchards:**

The volume of water to be applied per hectare in deciduous fruit orchards is calculated according to the Tree Row Volume Formula as described by Unrath:

The formula is as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Tree height} \times \text{tree diameter} \times 937}{\text{Row width}} = \text{Volume water to be applied/ha}$$

The measurements used in the formula are those of the trees in full leaf cover. Because deciduous fruit trees are not always in full leaf the water volume to be applied per hectare at the earlier growth stages is as follows:

- |                                       |                             |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| From green-tip to 30% blossom         | - 60 % of HV to be applied  |
| From ca. full blossom to ca. November | - 80 % of HV to be applied  |
| From ca. beginning of December        | - 100 % of HV to be applied |

When pesticides are applied at low volume sprays the correct quantity of pesticide, as calculated for high volume applications, must be applied per hectare.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as indicated.****COMPATIBILITY:**

**FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** is compatible with most fungicides and insecticides normally used but is **not** compatible with alkaline materials. Do **not** use in combination with G-49 wetter on tobacco seedbeds or on citrus.

**MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:**

Fill spray tank with water from  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of its volume. Start agitation (use mechanical or hydraulic agitator). Add the required number of **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** water soluble sachets immediately to the water in the spray tank. Do not touch water soluble sachets with bare hands or allow them to become wet before adding to contents of spray tank – wear dry rubber gloves. Fill spray tank with water to the required volume and continue agitation for several minutes before spraying in order to dissolve water soluble sachets and its contents entirely.

CROP/PEST	DOSAGE / 100 l WATER OR AS INDICATED	REMARKS
<b>BEANS</b> American Bollworm	50g  250 g/ha	Apply as soon as pest is noticed and repeat when necessary. <b>Ground application</b> Apply up to 500 l of spray solution per ha depending on crop size. Spray thoroughly to ensure good coverage. <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 l water per ha.
<b>CARNATIONS</b> Carnation worm	100g	Spray plant thoroughly and ensure good coverage. Repeat at weekly intervals.
<b>CITRUS</b> American (Africa) Bollworm Aphids	20g  250g/ha	Apply as soon as pests appear. Repeat when necessary. <b>Ground application</b> Apply as a light cover spray. <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 50 l per ha (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).
Mealy Bug	20g	Apply a full cover spray with a high pressure sprayer as soon as nymphs appear on the fruit. Repeat when necessary.
Orange dog caterpillar	25g	Apply as a light cover spray as soon as larvae are noticed.
Red Scale	100g + 3 l narrow range mineral oil	<b>Corrective treatment</b> Apply when 25-40% of the fruit is infested with one or more live nymphs or red scale adults. <b>Bearing trees</b> Apply only once between December and March and on early maturing cultivars, between December and January. Use <b>only</b> high pressure hand spray guns (compressor type). Do <b>not</b> apply with conventional citrus spraying rigs.

CROP/PEST	DOSAGE / 100 ℓ WATER OR AS INDICATED	REMARKS
<b>CITRUS</b> continued		
Soft green scale	100g + 500 ml narrow range mineral oil	Apply as a full cover spray with a high pressure pump at first visible signs of infestation. <b>Do not use less than 500 ml narrow range mineral oil per 100 ℓ water.</b>
Waxy scale	25g	Apply as a full cover spray with a high pressure pump as soon as young nymphs of new generation move from the leaves to twigs. <b>This treatment will not be successful against adult waxy scale.</b>
<b>CRUCIFERAE</b> (Broccoli, Brussel Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage)		Apply as soon as pest is noticed. Repeat when necessary.
American (Africa) Bollworm	250 g/ha 250 g/ha	<b>Ground application</b> Apply in sufficient water to obtain even coverage and ensure good coverage. <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 ℓ water per ha. (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above.)
Aphids Diamond-back moth and Greater cabbage moth larvae	50g	<b>Ground application</b> Apply when pests are first noticed on leaves and repeat every 7 days. During high temperatures and high infestation repeat applications at 3 – 5 day intervals. Use up to 500 l spray solution per ha. Ensure the thorough wetting of plants.
<b>GRAIN SORGHUM, LUCERNE, LUPINS, WHEAT</b> American (Africa) bollworm	200 g/ha 50 g 200 g/ha	Apply as soon as pest is noticed and repeat when necessary.  <b>Ground application</b> <b>Low volume:</b> Apply in 100-200 ℓ water per ha. <b>High volume:</b> Apply up to 400 ℓ spray solution per ha <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 ℓ water per ha (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).
<b>MAIZE</b> American (Africa) bollworm		Apply as soon as larvae are observed on the silks and before they enter cobs. <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP will not control larvae that have entered the cob.</b>  <b>Ground application</b> Low volume: Apply in 100-200 ℓ water per ha. High volume: Apply up to 400 ℓ spray solution per ha. <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 ℓ water per ha (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above.)
Fall Army Worm ( <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> )	200 g/ha 50 g 200 g/ha	Scout fields regularly and <b>apply as soon as pest is first noticed</b> . Due to the short residual period of <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> repeat applications may be necessary in cases where heavy infestations occur. Note that <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP will not control larvae that have entered the stem or cobs</b> . Good coverage of the leaves and stems is essential to ensure contact with the pest.  <b>Ground application</b> <b>Low volume:</b> Apply in 100-200 l water per ha. <b>High volume:</b> Apply up to 400 l spray solution per ha. <b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 ℓ water per ha (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).
<b>PASTURES &amp; OTHER CROPS</b> Army-worm	50 g/ha	<b>Ground application</b> Apply in 400 ℓ water per ha when infestation is noted.

CROP/PEST	DOSAGE / 100 L WATER OR AS INDICATED	REMARKS
PEACHES False codling moth	To determine the volume of water in which <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> should be applied per hectare refer " <b>GROUND APPLICATION: Volume water to be applied per hectare in deciduous fruit orchards</b> " above.	
	50 g	<b>Early varieties</b> Apply 2 sprays: the first 4 weeks before harvest and the second 10 days later. Ensure thorough coverage of trees.
	50 g	<b>Late varieties</b> Apply 3 sprays: the first 6 weeks before harvest and the second and third at 10 day intervals thereafter. Ensure thorough coverage of trees. <b>Registered pesticides for fruit fly control should also be applied to both early and late varieties.</b>
POTATOES American (Africa) bollworm Tuber moth (larva)	<p>For American (Africa) bollworm one application is enough to control one outbreak. If further outbreaks occur repeat applications as necessary. For tuber moth apply as soon as the plant is one month old and repeat application weekly throughout the growing season. Potatoes must be rigid at least twice during the growing season.</p> <p><b>Ground application</b> Ensure good coverage and wetting of plants. Apply up to 1 000 l spray solution per ha.</p> <p><b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 l of water per ha. Apply the higher dosage rate when spray intervals exceed one week (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).</p>	
ROSES Aphids	25g	Apply as full cover spray and repeat when necessary. Apply up to 500 l spray solution per ha.
SUNFLOWERS American bollworm	100 g + 100 mL cypermethrin EC per hectare	<p><b>Aerial application</b> Apply in at least 30 l water per ha as soon as eggs or larvae are noticed on the plants (approximately 6 weeks after planting) (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).</p> <p><b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> plus cypermethrin are only effective against larvae on the leaves and on the outside of the heads and <b>will not control larvae which have already entered the heads.</b> <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> and cypermethrin are <b>toxic to bees and should thus not be sprayed in the full-blossom period.</b></p>
TOBACCO American (Africa) bollworm  Tobacco slug	50 g	Apply as soon as pests are noticed and repeat when necessary.
Green stinkbugs (Pentatomidae)	250 g/ha	<p><b>Ground application</b> Apply up to 500 l spray solution per ha.</p> <p><b>Aerial application</b> Apply in 30 l water per ha. (See 'AERIAL APPLICATION' above).</p>
Leaf miner	50 g	<b>Aerial application</b> Apply as soon as pest is noticed and repeat at weekly intervals. Apply up to 500 l spray solution per ha. Wet plant thoroughly.
TOMATOES American (Africa) bollworm Aphids Tomato semi-looper Leaf miner Thrips	50 g	<p><b>Ground application</b> Apply as a full cover spray as soon as fruit begins to set or earlier if necessary and repeat at 7-10 day intervals during growing season.</p>

## WAARSKUWINGS:

- Onthoudingsperiodes: minimum aantal dae tussen laaste toediening en oes of beweiding:

Bone (groen) .....	3 dae	Weidings .....	7 dae
Blomkool, Brokkoli, Brusselse spruite, Kopkool ....	4 dae	Perskes .....	16 dae
Sitrus (20 g/100 l water dosis) .....	2 dae	Aartappels .....	3 dae
Sitrus (hoer dosis) .....	28 dae	Sonneblomme .....	28 dae
Graan sorghum .....	7 dae	Tabak (oondgedroog) .....	7 dae
Lusern (beweiding) .....	7 dae	abak (luggedroog) .....	14 dae
Lupiens .....	7 dae	Tamaties .....	2 dae
Mielies .....	7 dae	Koring .....	7 dae

- Hanteer uiters versigtig.
- GIFTIG EN NOODLOTTIG INDIEN INGESLUK, IN AANRAKING MET VEL EN INGEASEM.
- Kan deur vel en oë geabsorbeer word.
- Giftig vir vis, bye en ander diere.
- Kan vergeling van blaarpunt in sekere angelier variëteite veroorsaak.
- Moet nie FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP in kombinasies met die benatter, G-49, op tabaksaadbeddings of sitrus gebruik nie.
- NIE VIR GEBRUIK IN DIE HUISTUIN NIE.
- Bére agter slot en grendel in 'n koel, droë plek buite bereik van kinders, oningesigte persone en diere en weg van voedsel en voer in ooreenstemming met die Wet op Gevaarhoudende Stowwe 1973, (Wet No. 15 van 1973).
- Herbetreding: Moet nie behandelde area binne 2 dae na toediening betree tensy beskermende klere gedra word nie.
- Hou die houer dig toe.
- IN GEVAL VAN VERGIFTIGING ONTBIED 'N GENEESHEER ONMIDDELLIK en toon hierdie etiket aan hom.
- LUGTOEDIENING: Stel alle inwoners in die nabys omgewing in kennis van die area wat bespuit gaan word en reik die nodige waarskuwings uit. Moet nie oor aangrensende gebiede of waterbronne sput of toelaat dat sputniewel dit besoedel nie.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder al toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie, aangesien die werking en effek daarvan beïnvloed kan word deur faktore soos abnormale klimaats- en bergingstoestande; kwaliteit van verdunningswater; verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui is nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van die plaag teen die betrokke middel sowel as die metode, tyd en akkuraatteid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei, en omgewing of vir nadelige effek op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

## VOORSORGMAATREËLS:

- Moenie die stof van poeier, dampe of sputniewel inasem nie.
- Dra beskermende klere (oorpak, rubberstelsels- en handskoele, gesigskerm en gesikkte respirator) wanneer die produk hanteer en toegedien word.
- Was die hele liggaam na werk met seep en water.
- Moenie eet, drink of rook gedurende toediening of menging, of voordat hande en gesig gewas is en ander klere aangetrek is nie.
- Was besoedelde klere en beskermende toerusting in 'n sterk wassoda-oplossing, en spoel daarna deeglik uit voor hergebruik.
- Verhoed wegdrywing van sputniewel na ander gewasse, weidings, riviere, damme en ander gebiede wat nie onder behandeling is nie.
- Maak alle apparate deeglik skoon na gebruik en moet nie gewasse, weidings, riviere of damme met spoelwater besoedel nie.
- Vernietig die lee houers deur gate daarin te maak en plat te slaan en raak daarvan op 'n verantwoordelike wyse ontslae.
- Moet nie leë houers vir enige ander doel gebruik nie.
- Voorkom besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgtere.

## SIMPOTME VAN MENSLIKE VERGIFTIGING:

Hoofpyn, vermoedelheid, flouheid, duiseligheid, oormatige sweet, mislikheid, buikpyn, braking, belemmerde gesigsvermoë, spiertrekkings, ongewoon verkleinde pupille, emetihalingsnood, bewusteloosheid.

## TEENMIDDEL

Atropien-sulfaat

## NOODHULPBEHANDELING:

- VERKRY ALTYD OMIDDELLIK BEHANDELING VAN 'N GENEESHEER.
- Verwyder pasiënt van die oorsaak van vergiftiging na 'n goed geventileerde omgewing.
- Stel die pasiënt gerus en hou hom stil.
- Verwyder besoedelde klere en spoel die besmette liggaamsdele met volop seep en koue water af. Moet nie die vel hard vrywe nie.
- Spoel besoedelde oë vir minstens 15 minute met skoon water uit.
- Indien per mond ingeneem, veroorsaak braking deur die agterste gedeelte van die keel met vinger te prikkel. Herhaal totdat braaksel helder is en nie meer na gif ruik nie.
- Pas kunsmatige asemhaling of geslot hartmassering toe indien nodig.
- Moet nie direkte mond-tot-mond asemhaling toepas nie.
- Moet nooit iets per mond aan 'n bewusteloze persoon toedien nie.
- Ontbied 'n geneesheer dadelik en lig hom oor die vergiftiging in of neem pasiënt na die naaste hospitaal of geneesheer, afhangende watter die vinnigste is.
- TOON DIE ETIKET AAN DIE GENEESHEER.

#### **INLIGTING AAN GENEESHEER:**

In die geval van volwassenes moet atropien-sulfaat teen 2 - 4 mg, binneaars toegedien word. Herhaal elke 10 tot 30 minute pasiënt ten volle gev. ge-atropineerd is (drie gloeiende vel en tagardikje). Pralidoxime (2 PAM, Protopam) en ander oksieme die teenoorgestelde uitwerking en moet nie gebruik word nie. In geval van blootstelling aan sowel **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** as 'n organiese fosfaatinkodder mag 2 PAM gebruik word soos benodig om die voorgeskrewe atropien-sulfaat behandeling aan te vul.

#### WEEFSTANDWAARSKIJVING:

**FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** is 'n groepkode **1A** insekdoeder. Enige populasie van 'n spesifieke insek mag individue insluit wat 'n natuurlike weerstand teen **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP**, of enige ander groepkode **1A** insekdoeder het. Hierdie weerstandbiedende insekte sal waarskynlik nie deur **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** of enige ander groepkode **1A** insekdoeder beheer word nie.

Om weerstand teen insekdoders te vertraag:

- Vermey die eksklusiewe herhaalde gebruik van insekddoders met dieselfde groepkode.
  - Wissel af met, of gebruik tenkmengsels van produkte in verskillende insekddodergroepkodes.
  - Integreer ander beheerraateels (chemies, verbouwing, biologies) in insekddoderprogramme.

Vir spesifieke inligting oor weerstandsbestuur kontak die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk.

#### **LUGTOEDIENING:**

**FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** kan slegs deur 'n geregistreerde Lugbespuitingsoperateur met 'n korrek gekalibreerde, geregistreerde vliegtuig volgens die instruksies van SANS 10118: 2009 (The Aerial Application of Pesticides) uit die lug bespuï word. Verseker dat die spuitmening eweredig oor die teikenarea versprei word, en die verlies aan snuitmening tydens trefding tot 'n minimum beperk word. Dit is daarom belangrik om aan die volgende vereistes te voldoen:

- Venies aan spuitengsel tydens toekenning dat in teiken nie beperk word. Dit is veral belangrik om aan die vereiste verlieses te voldoen.
  - **Volume:** 'n Sputtengsel volume van minstens 30 l<sup>3</sup> per ha word aanbeveel. Hierdie produk is nie teen 'n verlaagde volume gebetek nie. Die registrasiehouer kan nie effektiwiteit waargenom, of verantwoordelik gehou word vir enige nadelige effekte indien hierdie produk teen 'n laer volume, as hierbo aanbeveel, toegedien word nie.
  - **Druppel bedekking:** 30 tot 40 druppels per cm<sup>2</sup> moet op die teikenarea hervind word.
  - **Druppelgrootte:** 'n Druppelspektrum met 'n VMD van 250 tot 280 mikrons word aanbeveel. Beperk die produksie van druppels kleiner as 150 mikrons (hoë drying en verdampingspotensiaal) tot 'n minimum.
  - **Vlieghoogte:** Handhaaf die hoogte van die sputtblaai bo die teiken op 3 tot 4 meter. Moet nie spuit wanneer die vliegtuig duik nie, uitklim of draai nie.
  - Gebruik geskikte **atomiseringapparaat** wat die vereiste druppelgrootte en bedekking sal produsier, maar die misne verlies van produk verseker. Die sputtelsel moet 'n druppelspektrum met die kleinste moonlike Relatiewe Span produseer.
  - Plaas al die atomiseerders in die binnek 60 tot 75 % van die vlerkspan om te verhoo dat druppels binne-in die **vlerkpuntvorteks** beweeg.
  - Die verskil in **temperatuur** tussen die nat- en droëboltermometer van 'n swaaihigrrometer, moet nie 8 °C oorskry nie.
  - Stop bespuiting indien die windspoed 15 km/uur oorskry.
  - Stop bespuiting tydens turbulente, onstabiele en droë toestande gedurende die hitte van die dag.
  - Bespuiting onder temperatuur **inversie toestande** (deur bo of binne die inversie laag te sput) en/of hoë lugvog toestande (relatiewe humiditeit 80 % en meer) mag tot volgende probleme aanleiding gee:
    - verlaagde effektiwiteit aangesien die druppels as 'n wolk in die lug bly hang en moontlik verdamp (onvoldoende bedekking op teiken)
    - skade aan nie-teiken gewasse of sensitieve areas as gevolg van wedgrywing van die sputtwolk na nie-teiken area.
  - Verseker dat die Lubgespuitingsoperateur presies weet watter lande bespu moet word.
  - Dit is noodsaklik om 'n verskeid van die Lubgespuitingsoperateur te verkry dat aan al die bogenoemde vereistes voldoen sal word en dat data van belang in 'n logboek saamgeval is vir toekomstige verwysing.

## **GRONDTOEDIENING (sagtevrugteboorde)**

**GRONDTOEIDENING (sagtevrugteboorde)**  
Volume water wat in sagtevrugteboorde per hektaar toegedien moet word:

Die volume water wat per hektaar in saigtevryteboerde toegeleid moet word, word volgens die Boomryvolume-formule soos deur Unrath beskryf, bereken:

Die formule is as volg: Boom hoogte x boom diameter x 937 = Volume water/ha wat toegedien moet word  
By wvdte

Die afmetings wat in die formule gebruik word, is dié van die boom met volle blaarbedekking. Aangesien sagtevrugtobome nie altyd ten volle met blare bedek is nie, is die volume water wat per hektaar toegelewer moet word tydens die vroeë groeistadia van die bome, as volg:

Wat per kind moet toegedien word tydens die voorleesuur moet die boorfie, as volg:

- Van groenpunt tot 30 % blom
- Van ca. volblom tot ca. November
- Van ca. begin Desember
- 60 % van die HV wat toegedien moet word
- 80 % van die HV wat toegedien moet word
- 100 % van die HV wat toegedien moet word

Wanneer plaagbeheermiddels as lae volume bespuitings toegedien word, moet die korrekte hoeveelheid plaagbeheermiddel, soos bereken vir hoë volume bespuitings, per hektare toegedien word.

**GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS:** Gebruik slegs soos aangedui

VERENIGBAARHEID:

**FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** is verenigbaar met meeste swamddoders en insekmiddels wat normaalweg gebruik word maar nie met alkaliese stowwe nie. Moet nie saam met G-49 benatter op tabaksaadbeddings en sitrus gebruik nie.

MENGINSTRUKSIES

Vul die spuittenk  $\frac{1}{4}$  tot  $\frac{1}{2}$  met water. Skakel roermeganisme (meganies of hidrolies) aan. Plaas die verlengde aantal **FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP** wateroplosbare sakkies onmiddellik in die water in spuittenk. Moet nie die wateroplosbare sakkies met kaal hande aanraak nie of laat nat word voor dit by die inhoud van die spuittenk

gevoeg word - dra droë rubberhandskoele. Vul die spuitenker verder met water tot die verlangde volume en hou aan met roer vir 'n paar minute voor gespuit word om die sakkies en die inhoud daarvan ten volle op te los.

GEWAS/PLAAG	DOSIS / 100 ℓ WATER OF SOOS AANGEDIJU	OPMERKINGS
<b>BONE</b> Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	50g  250 g/ha	Dien toe sodra plaag opgemerk word en herhaal wanneer nodig. <b>Grondtoediening</b> Dien tot 500 ℓ sputtoplossing per ha toe afhangende van gewasgrootte. Bespuit deeglik om goeie benatting te verseker. <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien in 30 ℓ water per ha toe (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').
<b>ANGELIERE</b> Angelierwurm	100g	Bespuit plantie deeglik en verseker goeie bedekking. Herhaal weekliks.
<b>SITRUS</b> Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm Plantluise	20g 250g/ha	Dien toe sodra plae opgemerk word. Herhaal wanneer nodig.  <b>Grondtoediening</b> Dien toe as 'n ligte dekbespuiting. <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 50 ℓ water per ha (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').
Witluis	20g	Dien as 'n voldekbespuiting met 'n hoë lugdruk sput toe sodra nimfe op die vrugte opgemerk word. Herhaal wanneer nodig.
Lemoenvlinderlarwe	25g	Dien as 'n lichte dekbespuiting toe sodra larwes opgemerk word.
Rooidopluis	100g + 3 ℓ smalbestek minerale olie	<b>Korrektiewe behandeling</b> Dien toe wanneer 25-40 % van die vrugte besmet is met een of meer lewendige nimfe of volwasse dopluisse. <b>Draende bomme</b> Dien slegs eenkeer toe tussen Desember en Maart en op vroeë kultivars tussen Desember en Januarie. Gebruik slegs hoë lugdruk handspuitgewere (kompressor-tipe). Moet nie ander konvensionele sitruspuittoerusting gebruik nie.
Sagte groendopluis	100g + 500 ml smalbestek minerale olie	Dien toe as voldekbespuiting met 'n hoëdruk-spuittomp sodra infestasie opgemerk word. <b>Moet nie minder</b> as 500 ml smalbestek minerale olie per 100 ℓ water gebruik nie.
Plantluise Ruitrug- en Grootkoolmotlarwes	25g	Dien toe as 'n voldekbespuiting met 'n hoëdruk-spuittomp sodra nimfe van die nuwe generasie vanaf die blare na die takkies beweeg. <b>Hierdie behandeling sal nie volwasse wasdopluis beheer nie.</b>
<b>KOOLGEWASSE</b> (Brokkoli, Brusselse spruite, Kopkool, Blomkool) Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	250 g/ha	Dien toe sodra plaag opgemerk word en herhaal wanneer nodig.
Plantluise Ruitrug- en Grootkoolmotlarwes	250 g/ha  50g	<b>Grondtoediening</b> Dien in genoeg water toe om 'n egale benatting te verkry en verseker goeie benatting.  <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 30 ℓ water per ha (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').
<b>GRAAN SORGHUM, KORING, LUSERN, LUPIENE</b> Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	200 g/ha 50 g 200 g/ha	<b>Grondtoediening</b> Dien toe sodra plaag op blare opgemerk word en herhaal bespuitings elke 7 dae. Wanneer temperatuur en infestasie hoog is, herhaal bespuitings elke 3-5 dae. Dien tot 500 ℓ sputtoplossing per ha toe. Verseker deeglike benatting van plantie.  <b>Lae volume:</b> Dien toe in 100-200 ℓ water per ha. <b>Hoë volume:</b> Dien tot 400 ℓ sputtoplossing per ha toe. <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien in 30L water per ha toe (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').
<b>MIELIES</b> Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	200 g/ha 50 g 200 g/ha	Dien toe sodra larwes op die baarde opgemerk word maar voor hulle die kop binnegedring het. <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> sal nie larwes wat die kop binnegedring het, beheer nie.  <b>Grondtoediening</b> Lae volume: Dien toe in 100-200 ℓ water per ha. Hoë volume: Dien tot 400 ℓ sputtoplossing per ha toe. <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 30 ℓ water per ha (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').

GEWAS/PLAAG	DOSIS / 100 ℥ WATER OF SOOS AANGEDUI	OPMERKINGS
MIELIES (voortgegaan) Hervs Kommando Wurm ( <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> )	200 g/ha 50 g 200 g/ha	<p>Verken landerye gereeld en dien toe sodra plaag vir eerste keer opgemerk word. As gevolg van die kort residuale periode van <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> mag herhalende toedienings nodig wees in gevalle waar hewige infestasies voorkom. Let daarop dat <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> sal nie larwes beheer wat die koppe of stam binnegedring het nie. Goeie bedekking van die blare en stamme is noodsaklik om kontak met die plaag te verseker.</p> <p><b>Grondtoediening</b>  <b>Laa volume:</b> Dien toe in 100-200 ℥ water per ha.  <b>Hoë volume:</b> Dien toe tot met 400 ℥ sputiplossing per ha.  <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 30 ℥ water per ha (Sien 'LUGTOEDIENING' hierbo)</p>
WEIDINGS & ANDER GEWASSE Kommandowurm	50 g/ha	<p><b>Grondtoediening</b>  Dien toe in 400 ℥ water per ha wanneer infestasie opgemerk word.</p>
PERSKES Valkskoddingmot	Om die volume water waarin <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP</b> per ha toegedien moet word, te bepaal. Iees 'GRONDTOEDIENING: Volume water wat in sagtevrugteboerde per hektaar toegedien moet word'.	
AARTAPPELS Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm Aartappelmot (larwe)	50 g  50 g	<p><b>Vroeë variëteite</b>  Dien 2 bespuittings toe: die eerste 4 weke voor oestyd en die tweede 10 dae later. Dra sorg dat die bome deeglik benat word.  <b>Laat variëteite</b>  Dien 3 bespuittings toe: die eerste 6 weke voor oestyd en die tweede en derde met tussenposes van 10 dae daarna. Dra sorg dat bome deeglik benat word. <b>Dien ook 'n geregistreerde plaagbeheermiddel vir die beheer van vrugtevleie op beide vroeë en laat variëteite toe.</b></p>
ROSE Plantluse	50g  300 – 500 g/ha	<p>Vir Amerikaanse bolwurm is een toediening genoeg om een uitbreking te beheer. Indien verdere uitbrekkings plaasvind herhaal toediening soos nodig.  Vir aartappelmot, begin toedien sodra die plant een maand oud is en herhaal toedienings weekliks gedurende die groeiseisoen.  Aartappels moet ten minste tweemaal gedurende die groeiseisoen opgeëerd word.</p> <p><b>Grondtoediening</b> Dra sorg dat plante goed bedek en benat word. Dien tot 1 000 ℥ sputiplossing per ha toe.  <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 30 ℥ water per ha. Gebruik die hoë dosis as die spuitussenpose langer as een week is (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').</p>
SONNEBLOMME Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	100 g + 100 mL sipermetriën EC per ha	<p><b>Lugtoediening</b>  Dien toe in ten minste 30 ℥ water per ha sodra eiers of larwes op plante opgemerk word (ongeveer 6 weke na plant) (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').</p> <p><b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP plus SIPERMETRIËN</b> is slegs effektiel teen larwes op die blare en aan die buitenkant van die kop en sal nie larwes wat reeds die kop binnegedring het, beheer nie. <b>FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP en SIPERMETRIËN is giftig vir bye en moet nie in die volblomstadium gespuit word nie.</b></p>
TABAK Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm	50 g	Dien toe sodra plae opgemerk word en herhaal wanneer nodig.
Tabakslak	50 g	<b>Grondtoediening</b> Dien tot 500 ℥ sputiplossing per ha toe.
Groenstinkbesies (Pentatomidae) Blaarmynner	250 g/ha  50 g	<b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe in 30 ℥ water per ha. (Lees 'LUGTOEDIENING').  <b>Lugtoediening</b> Dien toe sodra plaag opgemerk word en herhaal elke week. Dien tot 500 ℥ sputiplossing per ha toe. Benat plante deeglik.
TAMATIES Amerikaanse (Afrika-) bolwurm Plantluse Valslandmeter Blaarmynner Blaaspootjies	50 g	<p><b>Grondtoediening</b>  Dien toe as 'n voldekkbespuiting met vrugset of vroeër indien nodig en herhaal met tussenposes van 7-10 dae gedurende die groeiseisoen.</p>





# FARMAG METHOMYL 90 SP

Reg No/ Nr L3436 Act No/ Wet Nr 36/1947

A water soluble, contact insecticide for the control of various insects on crops as indicated.

'n Water oplosbare, kontak-insekddoder vir die beheer van verskeie insekte op gewasse soos aangedui.

**IRAC INSECTICIDE GROUP CODE    1A    IRAC INSEKDODERGROEPKODE**

## ACTIVE INGREDIENT/ AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL:

Methomyl (carbamate) ..... 900 g/kg ..... Metomil (karbonaat)

Manufacture Date:  
Vervaardigingsdatum

Batch No.:  
Lotnommer

**NET CONTENTS/NETTO INHOUD**

**g**

**SEE ENCLOSED LEAFLET FOR FULL PARTICULARS  
SIEN INGESLOTE VOUBLIJET VIR VOLLE BESONDERHEDE**

## REGISTERED BY/GEREGRISTREER DEUR:

Castle Ag-Chem (Pty) Ltd

Reg. Nr.: Reg. No. 2007/033120/07

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**POISON INFORMATION CENTRE / GIFINLIGTINGSENTRUM: 0861 555777**

UN NO: 2757



**VERY TOXIC  
UITERS  
GIFTIG**

