Safety Data Sheet

according to SANS 10234:2019 and SANS 11014:2010 Issue date: 8/29/2022 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg)

Type of product : Nematicide/Insectide

CAS-No. : 23135-22-0
Product group : End product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : A granular remedy for protection of potatoes and tomatoes against root knot nematodes

(Meloidogyne spp.) and the control of nematodes in sugar cane growing in KwaZulu-Natal.

Restricted Use: This remedy is restricted due to acute toxicity. This remedy may only be sold to and used by

a registered pest control operator, or by someone under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, and only for those uses covered by the pest control operator's scope of

registration, and only as directed on the label.

1.3. Supplier's details

Supplier

Farm-Ag International (Pty) Ltd
Old Mill Industrial Park
61, Marshall Drive
P.O. Box 1523
4300 Mount Edgecombe – Durban KwaZulu Natal
South Africa
T 031 003 3486

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 24 Hr Emergency Number:

In case of Poisoning:

Poison Information Helpline: 0861 555 777

In case of Spillage: HAZMAT:0800 147 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Acute toxicity (oral), Category 1 H300
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5 H313
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2 H330
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 3 H402
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3 H412

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS ZA)



Signal word (GHS-ZA) : Danger

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Hazardous ingredients

Hazard statements (GHS ZA)

Precautionary statements (GHS ZA)

: Oxamvl TC

: H300+H330 - Fatal if swallowed or if inhaled

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see ANTIDOTE, supplemental first aid instruction on

this label).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3. Other hazards

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

: May cause cancer, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, Fatal if swallowed, Fatal if inhaled, Harmful in contact with skin, Harmful to aquatic life, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
Silica sand	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	≥ 85 – < 90	Not classified
Oxamyl TC	CAS-No.: 23135-22-0	≥ 10 – < 15	Acute Tox. 1 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Calcium lignosulfonate	CAS-No.: 8061-52-7	≥ 1 – < 5	Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Aquatic Acute Not classified Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration or administer oxygen. Qualified person must perform administration of oxygen. Keep person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing.

First-aid measures after eye contact

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First-aid measures after ingestion

: If swallowed, rinse mouth thoroughly with water and immediately get medical attention. If person is alert and

respiration is not depressed, give syrup of Ipecac followed by water or activated charcoal if instructed. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Establish and maintain airway.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconsciousness person. Take the patient to a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects

: Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal cramps, headache, vertigo, tightness of the

chest, anxiety, ocular pain, ciliary muscle spasm, blurred vision, small pupils, or mydriasis, lacrimation, salivation, sweating, and confusion. In severe cases, there may be bradycardia, hypotension, pulmonary oedema, convulsions, coma, and death from respiratory failure or cardiac arrest.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Highly toxic after inhalation.: Harmful in contact with skin.

: Toxic if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Oxamyl is a carbamate compound, which inhibits cholinesterase. Systemic effects may begin within a few

minutes or several hours of exposure. If consciousness level declines or vomiting has not occurred in 15 minutes empty stomach by gastric lavage. Avoid aminoglycosides and succinylcholine. Phenothiazines, reserpine, theophylline, morphine, Pralidoxime (2-PAM, Protopam) and other oximes are contra-indicated.

Antidote: Administer atropine sulphate intravenously or intramuscularly. In moderately to severe poisoning administer atropine sulphate, 0.4 to 2.0 mg repeated every 15 minutes, until atropinization is achieved (dry, flushed skin, dry mouth and tachycardia). Maintain atropinization by repeated doses for 2 to 12 hours, or longer, depending on the severity of poisoning.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical. Foam. Water spray.

Avoid the accumulation of polluted run-off from the site.

Water spray as a fog can be used for cooling of unaffected stock, but avoid water coming in contact with the product. Contain water used for fire-fighting for later disposal.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire

: Heating can release vapours that can be ignited. Hazardous decomposition products: carbon oxides.

nitrogen oxides. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Remove spectators from surrounding area. Remove container from fire area if possible. Do not extinguish fire until flow of product has been stopped. Fight fire from a maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Contain fire control agents for later disposal. Use a recommended extinguishing agent. Water can be used to cool unaffected containers. Avoid inhaling hazardous vapours. Keep upwind.

Protection during firefighting

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

Personal protection (Emergency response)

: Wear respiratory protection, Wear protective gloves, Wear protective clothing, Wear eye protection, Face-shield











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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No additional information available

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not

breathe dust

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if possible without risk. Avoid runoff

of product into sewers, water systems, basements or confined areas as it may cause fire/explosion. Thoroughly wash body areas, which come into contact with the product. For small liquid spills, neutralise with sodium carbonate and allow standing for 4 hours.

Soak up or cover with non combustible.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not

handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned

regularly. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash

hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

: Store in a cool area. Store in a dry area. Store out of reach of unauthorised persons,

children and animals.

Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: Water supplies. Food supplies.

Maximum storage period : 2 years Storage temperature : $0-40\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Storage area

Silica sand (14808-60-7)	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Recommended Limits)	
Local name	Quartz, crystalline
OEL TWA	0 mg/m³ respirable dust

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Silica sand (14808-60-7)		
Regulatory reference	Government Notice. R: 1179	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airbo	rne Pollutants)	
Local name	Quartz (Silica, crystalline)	
OEL TWA	0 mg/m³ respirable particulate	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	
kaolin (1332-58-7)		
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)		
Local name	Kaolin	
OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ respirable particulate	
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Hand protection : Protective gloves
Eye protection : Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance : Granular powder.

Colour : Violet.

Odour : Aromatic (solvent) odour.

Odour threshold : No data available

pH : 6.8

pH solution : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : Not applicable Boiling point : No data available Flash point : Not applicable : Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable. Vapour pressure : No data available Vapour pressure at 50 °C : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

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Relative density : No data available Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : No data available Density No data available Relative gas density No data available Solubility : Water: 229 g/l Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties : No data available Explosive limits : Not applicable Lower explosion limit : No data available : No data available Upper explosion limit

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Fatal if swallowed.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Fatal if inhaled.

Acute toxicity (initialation) .	i dai ii iiiilaled.
Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg) (23135-22-0	0)
ATE ZA (oral)	2.755 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE ZA (Dermal)	2557.637 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE ZA (dust, mist)	0.062 mg/l/4h
Unknown acute toxicity (GHS ZA)Unknown acute toxicity (GHS ZA)	88.46% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 88.46% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 88.46% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

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Oxamyl TC (23135-22-0)	
LD ₅₀ oral rat	2.5 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
LD ₅₀ dermal rabbit	5027 mg/kg Male rabbit
LD ₅₀ dermal	> 2000 mg/kg Female rabbit
LC ₅₀ Inhalation - Rat	0.056 mg/l/4h
Calcium lignosulfonate (8061-52-7)	
LD ₅₀ oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Mineral oil (8042-47-5)	
LD ₅₀ oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD ₅₀ dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male / female, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC ₅₀ Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))
Sodium diisobutylnaphtalene sulphonate (272	213-90-7)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit
Clay (1327-36-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight
Violet Pigment (67989-22-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation :	pH: 6.8 Not classified pH: 6.8
Respiratory or skin sensitisation :	Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity :	Not classified
	Not classified
,	Not classified Not classified
Sodium diisobutylnaphtalene sulphonate (272	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
<u> </u>	Not classified
	Not classified Not classified
Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg) (23135-22-0	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Harmful to aquatic life.

(acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(chronic)

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Oxamyl TC (23135-22-0)	
LC ₅₀ - Fish [1]	5.6 mg/l Bluegill sunfish
LC ₅₀ - Fish [2]	4.2 mg/l Rainbow Trout
EC ₅₀ 72h - Algae [1]	3.3 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	-0.44
Additional ecotoxicological information	Birds: Acute oral LD $_{50}$ for mallard ducks 3.83, female mallard ducks 3.16, northern bobwhite quail 9.5 mg/kg. Dietary LC $_{50}$ (8d) for bobwhite quail 340, mallard ducks 766 ppm. Bees: (LD $_{50}$ mg//bee) 0.38 (oral); 0.47 (contact). Worms: LC $_{50}$ (14d) 112 ppm
Calcium lignosulfonate (8061-52-7)	
LC ₅₀ - Fish [1]	8327.32 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.33
Mineral oil (8042-47-5)	
LC ₅₀ - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	1216 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value, Fresh weight)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.18 (Experimental value)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.64 (log Koc)
Sodium diisobutylnaphtalene sulphonate (272	213-90-7)
LC ₅₀ - Fish [1]	100 – 220 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC ₅₀ - Crustacea [1]	78 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC ₅₀ 72h - Algae [1]	180 mg/l Test organisms (species):
Clay (1327-36-2)	
EC ₅₀ - Crustacea [1]	> 10000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC ₅₀ 72h - Algae [1]	2500 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC ₅₀ 72h - Algae [2]	410 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
NOEC (chronic)	1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Violet Pigment (67989-22-4)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	< 0.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg) (23135-22-0)		
Persistence and degradability	No additional information available	
Oxamyl TC (23135-22-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.	
Silica sand (14808-60-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)	
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)	

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kaolin (1332-58-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	
Mineral oil (8042-47-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg) (23135-22-0)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No additional information available	
Oxamyl TC (23135-22-0)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	-0.44	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.	
Silica sand (14808-60-7)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.	
Calcium lignosulfonate (8061-52-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.33 Source: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation	
kaolin (1332-58-7)		
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.	
Mineral oil (8042-47-5)		
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	1216 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value, Fresh weight)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.18 (Experimental value)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.64 (log Koc)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (500 ≤ BCF ≤ 5000).	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Foxamyl 10 GR (Oxamyl 100 g/kg) (23135-22-0)		
Mobility in soil	No additional information available	
Oxamyl TC (23135-22-0)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	-0.44	
Ecology - soil	Not toxic to plants. Toxic to fauna. Toxic to bees.	
Silica sand (14808-60-7)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.	
Calcium lignosulfonate (8061-52-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.33 Source: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation	
Mineral oil (8042-47-5)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.18 (Experimental value)	

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Mineral oil (8042-47-5)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.64 (log Koc)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

IMDG	IATA
2757	2757
CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (contains oxamyl 100 g/kg)	Carbamate pesticide, solid, toxic (contains oxamyl 100 g/kg)
6.1	6.1
6	6
II	II
Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
	2757 CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC (contains oxamyl 100 g/kg) 6.1 II Dangerous for the environment : No

14.6. Special precautions for user

SANS

Special provisions (SANS) : 61, 274
Limited quantities (SANS) : 500 g
Limited quantities (SANS) : 500 g
Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Packing : P002, IBC08

instructions (SANS)

Packagings, large packagings and IBCs Special

packing instructions (SANS)

: B2, B4

Portable tank and bulk containers instructions

: T3

(SANS)

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP33

(SANS)

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IMDG

Special provisions (IMDG) : 61, 274 Limited quantities (IMDG) : 500 g Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E4 Packing instructions (IMDG) : P002 IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC08 IBC special provisions (IMDG) : B21. B4 Tank instructions (IMDG) : T3 Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP33

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-A - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Alfa - TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Solid pesticides present a very wide range of toxic hazard. Toxic if swallowed, by skin

contact or by inhalation.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E4 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y644 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1kg PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 669 PCA max net quantity (IATA) 25kg CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 676 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 100kg Special provisions (IATA) : A3, A5 ERG code (IATA) 6L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

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 : 29/08/2022

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 : 03/09/2024

Full text of H-statements	
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H303	May be harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life

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Full text of H-statements	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), South Africa

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.